



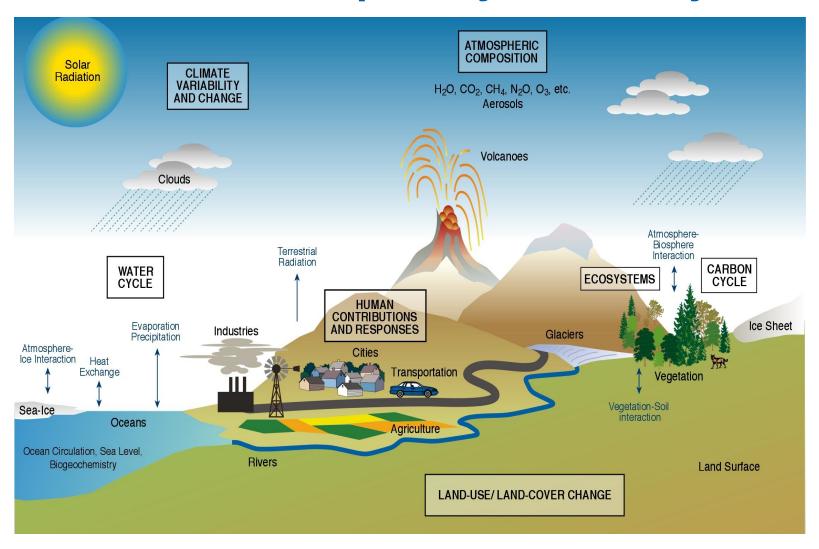
GEO Water Societal Benefit Area





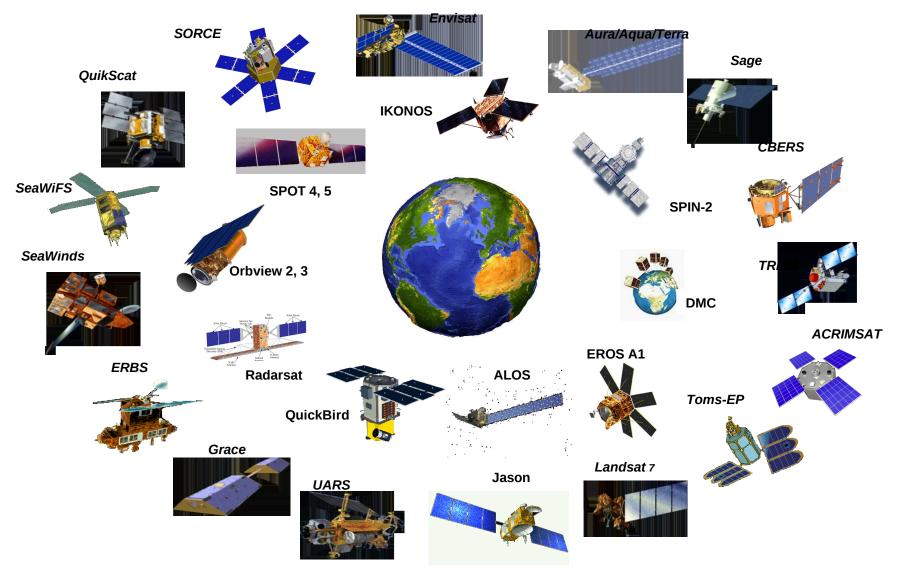


The Earth is a complex system of systems









Space Observation Systems



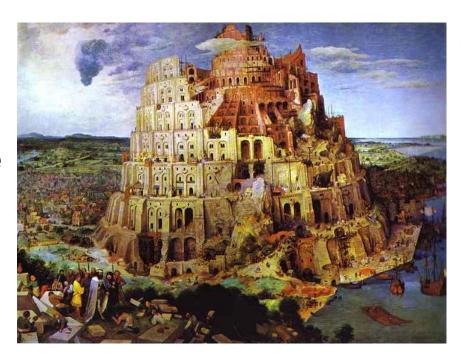


The Tower of Babel problem...

Need for:

- Earth observation Coordination
- Interoperable Architecture and Formats
- Data Sharing

... to benefit fully from Earth Observation Systems







GEO, the Group on Earth Observations

An Intergovernmental group with 80 Members and 57 Participating Organizations







What is GEO?

- launched in response to calls for action by the 2002 World Summit on Sustainable Development and by the G8 (Group of Eight) leading industrialized countries
- voluntary partnership of governments and international organizations
 - 79 member governments + EC
 - 57 Participating Organizations (PO)
- provides a framework within which these partners can develop new projects and coordinate their strategies and investments
- charged with developing GEOSS





What is GEOSS?

- the Global Earth Observation System of Systems
- an integrating infrastructure for Earth observing and information systems to support informed decision making for society
- 10-year implementation plan
- 2015: Global, Coordinated, Comprehensive and Sustained System of Observing Systems





GEOSS Implementation Requires: Interoperability of Systems

Need for an Interoperable Architecture and Standard Formats to benefit fully from Earth Observation Systems

- Technical Specifications for Collecting, Processing, Storing, and Disseminating Data and Products
- Based on Non-proprietary Standards
- Defining System Compliance for Contribution to GEOSS





GEOSS Implementation requires: Data Sharing Principles

- Full and Open Exchange of Data...
 - Recognizing Relevant International Instruments and National Policies and Legislation
- Data and Products at Minimum Time delay and Minimum Cost
- Free of Charge or Cost of Reproduction for Research and Education





GEOSS: main objectives

- Improve and Coordinate Observation Systems (avoid duplications)
- Provide Easier & More Open Data Access
- Foster Use (Science, Applications)
- Building Capacity
- Identify gaps in observations (based on user requirements)
 - ...Earth Observation Systems should be coordinated and shared internationally
 - ... to answer Society's need for informed decision making





GEOSS: A Global, Coordinated, Comprehensive and Sustained System of Observing Systems









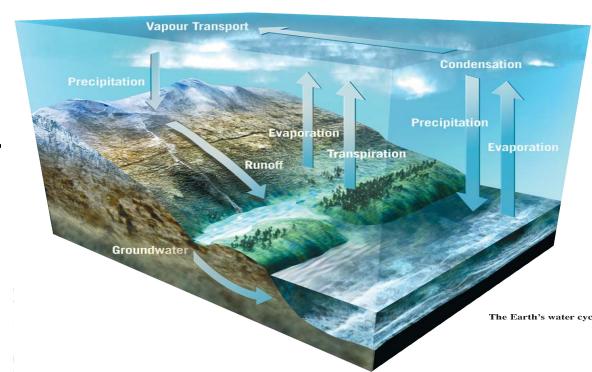
...we will accelerate efforts within the Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS), ... in priority areas, inter alia, climate change and water resources management, by strengthening observation, prediction and data sharing. ... capacity building for developing countries ... interoperability and linkage ...





Understanding the Water Cycle

- Variability
- Causes and consequences
- Predictions
- Integrated Water Resources Management







GEOSS Strategic Target for Water

Before 2015, GEO aims to:

Produce comprehensive sets of data and information products to support decision-making for efficient management of the world's water resources, based on coordinated, sustained observations of the water cycle on multiple scales.





This will be achieved through:

- development of a sustained, operational monitoring system for the global water cycle, combining space-based, airborne, and in-situ observation networks which will:
 - address water resources in terms of quantitative availability and water quality;
 - include integrated in-situ reference sites for monitoring essential variables for water cycle measurement;
 - allow for different types of measurements to be planned in a structured way across variables, sensors, platforms and nations and in some cases development of sensor technology;
 - deliver a broad range of integrated data products that cover many different spatial and temporal scales, combining detailed point *in-situ* measurements with coarser comprehensive coverage provided by satellites.





This will be achieved through:

- development of widely available, sustained water cycle data sets and related information products, at both global and basin scales, tailored to the near- and long-term needs of stakeholders and end-users, which will:
 - exploit past and current *in-situ* and satellite-based observations as well as fostering their integration into advanced models for integrated water resource management;
 - promote the next generation of improved/enhanced products and innovative observations (with special emphasis on observational gaps: e.g., precipitation and run-off at high latitudes and water quality measurements from space), for water resources management.





This will be demonstrated by:

- An operationalized and sustained global network of in-situ observation sites.
- Increased availability of information products and services for monitoring changes in the water cycle, including clouds and precipitation, appropriate for both research and integrated water resource management.
- Increased availability of data and information, including quantity and quality of both surface and groundwater, to support a water cycle decision making system.
- Routine, reliable production of "watershed" and human health indicators from satellite data, surface and subsurface data, and data assimilation capabilities.





WA-08-01 Integrated Products for Water Resource Management and Research

- WA-08-01a: Soil Moisture
 - Peter van Oevelen, GEWEX
- WA-08-01b: Runoff
 - Wolfgang Grabs, WMO
- WA-08-01c: Groundwater
 - Sophie Vermooten, IGRAC
- WA-08-01d: Precipitation
 - George Huffman, IPWG
- WA-08-01e: CEOP
 - Toshio Koike, University of Tokyo
- WA-08-01f: Pilot Projects for Improved Water Discovery and Quality Assessments
 - John Lyon, IEEE
- WA-08-01g: Global Water Quality Monitoring
 - Steve Greb, State of Wisconsin





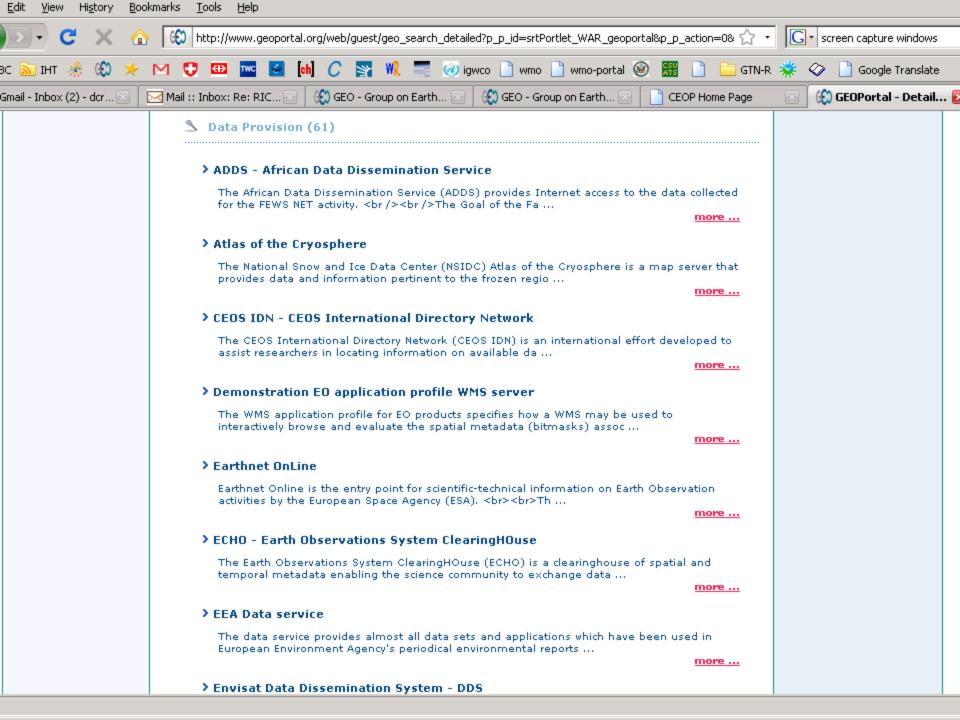
GEO Portal

- Provides web-based interface for searching and accessing the data, information, imagery, services and applications available through GEOSS.
- Connects users to data bases, services and portals that provide reliable, up-to-date, integrated and user-friendly information – vital for the work of decision-makers, managers and other users of Earth observations.













Hydrological Applications and RunOff Network (HARON)

Rationale

 The innovation HARON brings is the provision of near real-time monitoring of large scale rivers and lakes from existing in-situ observation infrastructures, combined with satellite observations based on radar altimetry, to establish an enhanced infrastructure for water in hydrological research and water resource management.





FP7-SPACE-2009

 The objective of the FP7 space work programme is to support a European Space Policy focusing on applications such as GMES (Global Monitoring for Environment and Security), with benefits for citizens...





SPA.2010.1.1-04 Stimulating the development of GMES services in specific areas

Projects may develop products and services for

- efficient water resource management and usage (including issues relating to agricultural production, river basin characteristics, monitoring changes in the state of irrigated areas, the ecological environment and flood management)
- identifying vulnerabilities related to water based on relevant long-term observations (including trends on available water resources and support to projections of changes in floods and droughts).





Sea level monitoring

- Long-term monitoring of sea level and its regional variability by satellite altimetry is a priority currently recognised by several international programmes:
 - Global Climate Observing System (GCOS)
 - International Geosphere Biosphere Programme (IGBP)
 - World Climate Research Programme (WCRP)





"The Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS) is a coordinating and integrating network of Earth observing and information systems, contributed on a voluntary basis by Members and Participating Organizations of the intergovernmental Group on Earth Observations (GEO)."

•To support informed decision making for society, including the implementation of international environmental treaty obligations.





"Improving water-resource management through better understanding of the water cycle"

GEO 10-Year Implementation Plan



Thank you!

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earthobservations.org

